

|  | Average manpower response to structure fires |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total <br> Manpower | Average <br> response | Percent of <br> Active Force | Estimated <br> Interior FF | M/asst Request |  |
| 2015 | 41 | 5 | $12 \%$ | 3 | 12 |  |
| 2016 | 33 | 6 | $19 \%$ | 3 | 12 |  |
| 2017 | 32 | 8 | $26 \%$ | 5 | 12 |  |
| 2018 | 33 | 8 | $24 \%$ | 4 | 12 |  |
| 2019 | 32 | 5 | $16 \%$ | 3 | 12 |  |
| 2020 | 37 | 4 | $12 \%$ | 2 | 12 |  |
| 2021 | 34 | 7 | $21 \%$ | 3 | 12 |  |
| 2022 | 30 | 6 | $19 \%$ | 4 | 16 |  |

This table and graph represent the average manpower response to fires in structures from 20152022. The data is represented in terms of total available manpower, which is the number of operational members in the fire department that year. The average manpower that responded on apparatus to these incidents and the estimated number of interior firefighters that responded. The estimated interior number is calculated by taking the total number of interior firefighters on the roster for that year, finding the percentage in respect to the total available manpower and applying that percentage to the average response number.

NFPA recommended number of firefighters onscene for a house fire

| Effective Manpower Response |
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This table and graph represent the average manpower response to Emergency Medical Incidents (EMS) from 2015-2022. The data is represented in terms of total available manpower, which is the number of operational members in the fire department that year. The average manpower that responded on apparatus to these incidents and the estimated number of Emergency Medical Technicians (EMT) that responded. The estimated EMT number is calculated by taking the total number of EMTs on the roster that year, dividing that by the total available manpower and applying that percentage to the average manpower that responded

|  | Average manpower response to EMS incidents |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | Total <br> Manpower | Average <br> response | Percent of <br> Active Force | Estimated EMT <br> Response |
| 2015 | 41 | 3 | $7 \%$ | 1 |
| 2016 | 33 | 2 | $6 \%$ | 1 |
| 22017 | 32 | 2 | $8 \%$ | 1 |
| 2018 | 33 | 2 | $7 \%$ | 1 |
| 2019 | 32 | 2 | $5 \%$ | 0 |
| 2020 | 37 | 3 | $9 \%$ | 1 |
| 2021 | 34 | 4 | $11 \%$ | 1 |
| 2022 | 30 | 2 | $7 \%$ | 1 |

Average Manpower Response to MVAs 2015-2022Total Available Response ForceAverage Manpower Response

- = Effective Response Force


|  | Average manpower response to MVAs |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Manpower | Average response | Percent of Active Force | Estimated EMT Response | M/asst Request |
| 2015 | 41 | 5 | 12\% | 2 | - |
| 2016 | 33 | 5 | 17\% | 2 | - |
| 2017 | 32 | 5 | 16\% | 2 | - |
| 2018 | 33 | 4 | 12\% | 1 | - |
| 2019 | 32 | 4 | 14\% | 1 | - |
| 2020 | 37 | 5 | 13\% | 1 | - |
| 2021 | 34 | 4 | 12\% | 1 | - |
| 2022 | 30 | 5 | 17\% | 2 | 4 |

This table and graph represent the average manpower response to motor vehicle accidents (MVA) from 2015-2022. The data is represented in terms of total available manpower, which is the number of operational members in the fire department that year. The average manpower that responded on apparatus to these incidents and the estimated number of Emergency Medical Technicians (EMT) that
responded. The estimated EMT number is calculated by taking the total number of EMTs on the roster that year, dividing that by the total available manpower and applying that percentage to the average manpower that responded.

Department recommended manpower to address and incident tasks.

| Effective Manpower Response |
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## Average Manpower Response to Alarms 2015-2022

Total Available Response Force $\qquad$ Average Manpower Response-" Effective Response Force


This table and graph represent the average manpower response to alarm activations and other
"non-incidents" from 2015-2022.
The data is represented in terms of total available manpower, which is the number of operational members in the fire department that year. The average manpower that responded on apparatus to these incidents and the estimated number of interior firefighters that responded. The estimated interior number is calculated by taking the total number of interior firefighters on the roster for that year, dividing that by the total available manpower and applying that percentage to the average manpower that responded.

|  | Average manpower response to Automatic Alarms |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  | Total <br> Manpower | Average <br> response | Percent of <br> Active Force | Estimated <br> Interior FF | False alarm | Malfunction |
| 2015 | 41 | 3.1 | $8 \%$ | 2 | 59 | 26 |
| 2016 | 33 | 3.6 | $11 \%$ | 2 | 70 | 15 |
| 2017 | 32 | 3.5 | $11 \%$ | 2 | 83 | 19 |
| 2018 | 33 | 3.4 | $10 \%$ | 2 | 77 | 28 |
| 2019 | 32 | 3.2 | $10 \%$ | 2 | 67 | 21 |
| 2020 | 37 | 2.7 | $7 \%$ | 1 | 66 | 14 |
| 2021 | 34 | 4.1 | $12 \%$ | 2 | 81 | 15 |
| 2022 | 30 | 3.4 | $11 \%$ | 2 | 43 | 9 |

Department recommended manpower to address and incident tasks.

Effective Manpower Response

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